

Section 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity

Product identifier

Product Name Ultrarelease PET Liquid
Product Code(s) FG-2473

Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number FG-2473
Pure substance/mixture Mixture

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use Release Agent.
Uses advised against No information available.

Details of manufacturer or importer

Supplier

Price Driscoll, 5600 Lower Macungie Rd, Macungie, PA 18062, USA, Phone: +01.610.252.5800, www.smooth-on.com, sds@smooth-on.com

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department
E-mail address sds@smooth-on.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number CHEMTEL +01-813-248-0585
Australia Poisons Information Centre: 13 11 26

Section 2: Hazard(s) identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1

Label elements

Flame
Exclamation mark
Health hazard



Signal word
DANGER

Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause genetic defects.
May cause cancer.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
Use non-sparking tools.
Take action to prevent static discharges.
Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

May be harmful in contact with skin.
Causes mild skin irritation.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Naphtha, petroleum, light alkylate	64741-66-8	60 - 95
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	1 - 20
Xylene	1330-20-7	1 - 15
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<1
Trimethylbenzene	25551-13-7	<1
2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol	94-96-2	<1
Ethyltoluene	25550-14-5	<1

Section 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Immediate medical attention is required.
Inhalation	Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Remove to fresh air. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area.
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.
Ingestion	ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.
Self-protection of the first aider	Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.
Effects of Exposure	May cause cancer. Mutagenic effects. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians	Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.
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Section 5: Firefighting measures**Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Water spray. Alcohol resistant foam.
Large Fire	CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.
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Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapors or mists.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

Section 7: Handling and storage, including how the chemical may be safely used

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Use personal protection equipment. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials.

Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from other materials.

Incompatible materials None known based on information supplied.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure Limits

Chemical name	Australia	New Zealand	ACGIH TLV
Mineral Spirits 8052-41-3	TWA: 790 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 525 mg/m ³	TWA: 100 ppm
Xylene 1330-20-7	TWA: 80 ppm TWA: 350 mg/m ³ STEL: 150 ppm STEL: 655 mg/m ³	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 217 mg/m ³	TWA: 20 ppm
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 434 mg/m ³ STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 543 mg/m ³	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 88 mg/m ³ STEL: 40 ppm STEL: 176 mg/m ³ Sk*	TWA: 20 ppm Ototoxicant - potential to cause hearing disorders
Trimethylbenzene 25551-13-7	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 123 mg/m ³	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 123 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 ppm

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	Germany DFG
Xylene 1330-20-7	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 221 mg/m ³ STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 442 mg/m ³ Sk*	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 220 mg/m ³ STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 441 mg/m ³ Sk*	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 220 mg/m ³ Peak: 100 ppm Peak: 440 mg/m ³ Sk*
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 442 mg/m ³ STEL: 200 ppm STEL: 884 mg/m ³ Sk*	TWA: 100 ppm TWA: 441 mg/m ³ STEL: 125 ppm STEL: 552 mg/m ³ Sk*	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 88 mg/m ³ Peak: 40 ppm Peak: 176 mg/m ³ Sk*
Trimethylbenzene 25551-13-7	-	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m ³ STEL: 75 ppm STEL: 375 mg/m ³	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 100 mg/m ³ Peak: 40 ppm Peak: 200 mg/m ³

Biological occupational exposure limits

Chemical name	Australia	ACGIH	European Union
Xylene 1330-20-7	-	0.3 g/g creatinine - urine (total of all isomers of Methylhippuric acids) - end of shift	-
Ethylbenzene 100-41-4	-	150 mg/g creatinine - urine (Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid) - end of shift	-

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls Showers
Eyewash stations
Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Tight sealing safety goggles.
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Antistatic boots.
Hand protection	Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves.
Respiratory protection	Appropriate respiratory protection should be selected and used according to the chemical nature, hazards and use of this product and safety requirements of the local jurisdiction. If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.
Environmental exposure controls	No information available.
Thermal hazards	No information available.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties**Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Physical state	Liquid
Appearance	No information available
Color	No information available
Odor	No information available.
Odor threshold	No information available

Property	Values	Remarks • Method
pH	No data available	None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available	None known
Flash point	> -7.77 °C / 18 °F	None known
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Relative vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	No data available	None known
Water solubility	No data available	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known

Other information

VOC content	No information available
Particle characteristics	No information available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity**Reactivity**

Reactivity No information available.

Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Excessive heat.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials None known based on information supplied.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Inhalation Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Harmful by inhalation. (based on components).

Eye contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes mild skin irritation. May be harmful in contact with skin.

Ingestion Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation.

Acute toxicity Harmful by inhalation.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral)	7,578.20 mg/kg
ATEmix (dermal)	2,101.70 mg/kg
ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist)	4.35 mg/l

Unknown acute toxicity

Component Information

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Naphtha, petroleum, light alkylate	> 7000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 6.31 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Mineral Spirits	-	> 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 5.5 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Xylene	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	> 4350 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 29.08 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Ethylbenzene	= 3500 mg/kg (Rat)	= 15400 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 17.4 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Trimethylbenzene	= 8970 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol	= 1400 mg/kg (Rat)	= 8960 mg/kg (Rabbit) = 10251 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 3.8 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Ethyltoluene	> 3492 mg/kg (Rat) = 6984 mg/kg (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 6193 mg/m ³ (Rat) 4 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes mild skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation No information available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity Contains a known or suspected mutagen. Classification based on data available for ingredients. May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity Contains a known or suspected carcinogen. Classification based on data available for ingredients. May cause cancer.

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical name	Australia	European Union	IARC
Naphtha, petroleum, light alkylate - 64741-66-8	Carc. 1A	Carc. 1B	-
Mineral Spirits - 8052-41-3	Carc. 1B	Carc. 1B	-
Xylene - 1330-20-7	Carc. 1B	Carc. 1B	Group 3
Ethylbenzene - 100-41-4	Carc. 1B	Carc. 1B	Group 2B
Trimethylbenzene - 25551-13-7	Carc. 1B Carc. 1A	Carc. 1B	-
Ethyltoluene - 25550-14-5	Carc. 1B Carc. 1A	Carc. 1B	-

Legend

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

STOT - single exposure No information available.

STOT - repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Naphtha, petroleum, light alkylate	EC50: =30000mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	-	-	LC50: =2mg/L (48h, Mysisopsis bahia)
Xylene	EC50: =11mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50: =13.4mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 2.661 - 4.093mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 13.5 - 17.3mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 13.1 - 16.5mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =19mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 7.711 - 9.591mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 23.53 - 29.97mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =780mg/L (96h, Cyprinus carpio) LC50: >780mg/L (96h, Cyprinus carpio) LC50: 30.26 - 40.75mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata)	-	EC50: =3.82mg/L (48h, water flea) LC50: =0.6mg/L (48h, Gammarus lacustris)
Ethylbenzene	EC50: =4.6mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: >438mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 2.6 - 11.3mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: 1.7 - 7.6mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50: 11.0 - 18.0mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: =4.2mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 7.55 - 11mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =32mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: 9.1 - 15.6mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =9.6mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata)	-	EC50: 1.8 - 2.4mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
Trimethylbenzene	-	LC50: =7.72mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	-	-

Terrestrial ecotoxicity There is no data for this product.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

Component Information

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Mineral Spirits	6.4
Xylene	3.15
Ethylbenzene	3.6
2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol	3.09

Mobility

Mobility No information available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues/unused products Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers.

See section 8 for more information

Section 14: Transport information

ADG Regulated
UN number or ID number 1268
UN proper shipping name Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. (Octanes)
Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group II

IATA Regulated
UN number or ID number 1268
UN proper shipping name Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. (Octanes)
Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group II
ERG Code 128

IMDG Regulated
UN number or ID number 1268
UN proper shipping name Petroleum distillates, n.o.s. (Octanes)
Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group II
EmS-No. F-E, S-E

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available

Section 15: Regulatory information**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****National regulations****Australia**

See section 8 for national exposure control parameters

Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Classified as a scheduled poison according to the Standard for Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Poison Schedule Number 7**Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)**

Chemical name	Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)	Additional information
Naphtha, petroleum, light alkylate - 64741-66-8	Present	-
Mineral Spirits - 8052-41-3	Present	-
Xylene - 1330-20-7	Present	-
Ethylbenzene - 100-41-4	Present	-
Trimethylbenzene - 25551-13-7	Present	-
2-ethylhexane-1,3-diol - 94-96-2	Present	-
Ethyltoluene - 25550-14-5	Present	-

Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents

This product does not contain any substance(s) on the Illicit Drug Precursors/Reagents list.

National pollutant inventory

Subject to reporting requirement

Chemical name	National pollutant inventory
Xylene - 1330-20-7	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1 including individual or mixed isomers
Ethylbenzene - 100-41-4	10 tonne/yr Threshold category 1

International Inventories**AIIC**

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

NZIoC

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

TSCA

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

DSL/NDL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

EINECS/ELINCS

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

ENCS

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

IECSC

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

KECI

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

PICCS

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Legend:**AIIC** - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals**NZIoC** - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory**DSL/NDSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List**EINECS/ELINCS** - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances**IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances**PICCS** - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances**International Regulations****The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer** Not applicable**The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** Not applicable**The Rotterdam Convention** Not applicable**Section 16: Any other relevant information****Revision date** 09-Jan-2025**Revision Note**

***Indicates updated data since last publication.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet**Legend**

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative, and Toxic (PBT) Substances

vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) Substances

STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

LC50: 50% Lethal Concentration

LD50: 50% Lethal Dose

Legend Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA	TWA (time-weighted average)	STEL	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)
Ceiling	Maximum limit value	Sk*	Skin designation
C	Carcinogen		

Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

Environmental Protection Agency

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGl(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)
U.S. National Toxicology Program (NTP)
New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program
Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set
World Health Organization

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet